**Question 1.** Laura is given a starting salary of \$2,000 and is promised a 10% raise every month. What will her monthly salaries be for the next three months?

Question 2. The *odd numbers* are the numbers in the sequence  $1, 3, 5, 7, 9, \ldots$  Define the sequence of *S*-numbers as follows:

The first S-number is 1.

The second S-number is the sum of the first S-number and the second odd number. The third S-number is the sum of the second S-number and the third odd number. The fourth S-number is the sum of the third S-number and the fourth odd number, etc.,  $\ldots$ 

Compute the first seven S-numbers. Make a conjecture.

We are used to defining functions with explicit formulas. For instance,  $P : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{Z}$  given by

$$P(n) = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}.$$

To the contrary, a <u>recurrence relation</u> is used to define a function *recursively*, that is, each term is defined using terms that were already defined. For instance,

$$P(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n = 1\\ n + P(n-1) & \text{if } n > 1. \end{cases}$$

**Example 1.** Compute P(5) using the above equation.

**Example 2.** Verify that the two equations for P on the previous page are equal using induction.

## Example 3. The Fibonacci Sequence

A certain man put a pair of rabbits in a place surrounded on all sides by a wall. How many pairs of rabbits can be produced from that pair in a year if it is supposed that every month each pair begets a new pair which from the second month on becomes productive?

The <u>Fibonacci numbers</u> F(n) satisfy the following recurrence relation:

$$F(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n = 1 \text{ or } n = 2\\ F(n-1) + F(n-2) & \text{if } n > 2. \end{cases}$$

Find the first 10 Fibonacci numbers. Is there a closed form for the Fibonacci numbers?

Fibonacci numbers are seen often in nature whenever growth occurs in stages. See Figure 3.2 on page 155 to see Fibonacci sequences in nature.

**Example 4.** Ursula the Usurer lends money at outrageous rates of interest. She demands to be paid 10% interest *per week* on a loan, compounded weekly. Suppose you borrow \$500 from Ursula. If you wait four weeks to pay her back, how much will you owe?

**Example 5.**Let X be a finite set with n elements. Find a recurrence relation C(n) for the number of elements in the power set P(X). Find a closed form solution and verify it is correct by induction.

**Example 6.** Recall that the complete graph  $K_n$  on n vertices is the undirected graph that has exactly one edge between every pair of vertices. Find a recurrence relation E(n) for the number of edges in  $K_n$ . Find a closed form solution and verify it is correct by induction.

**Example 7.** Use the *sequence of differences* to find a closed form solution for the recurrence relation

$$H(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n = 1\\ H(n-1) + 6n - 6 & \text{if } n > 1. \end{cases}$$

Practice Problems. Section 3.1: 2, 3, 5, 7, 9-11, 14, 20-23, 26, 27; Section 3.2: 1-9 odd, 13, 17-20